

CURIOUS HABITS OF THESE
SOBBY LITTLE INSECTS.

The Impression That They Are Destructive to Vegetation is Wrong - How / They Make a Noise.

Every summer the song of the harvest fly is heard rising to his mate, who, unlike other females, has no voice of her own, and is content to live a quiet



FIG. 2



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It is a stout-bodied insect, with broad, gaudy wings, as may be seen in the illustration. It is far better looking in the late days of maturity than in



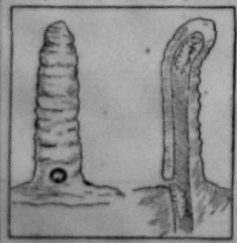
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least do any serious damage, although a well known entomologist, a lady, discovered them quite numerous in a pear tree, which had been dug up on account of its mysterious failure to grow, and her report states that "the larvae of this insect were found in



FLY, SHOWING THE DRUM.

When the proper time, which Solomon tells us every creature knows by natural intuition, comes, the mature insect, fully provided with wings, crawls out of the ground, always at night, and seeks a tree, up which it creeps and fastens itself by its strong, sharp claws. Then it is a soft, whitish mass, which it gradually enlarges in condition the skin dries, cracks and bursts open along the back, and the perfect insect creeps out through the rent, leaving the empty shell still adhering to the tree as a semi-transparent, parchment like skin. Then it emerges into the air and, after a few preliminary attempts to spread its wings, by which they are stiffened and dried, it enters upon its life of roaming, swift flight, and, selecting its temporary home in which to pass the few days of its perfect state, proceeds



ABOVE-SURFACE BURROWS OF THE FLY.

The "new" W is quite greatly praised in interviews by the public and some newspaper editors, and is generally liked and thought most economical. By thinking the word was "New" more suitable, I think it means more freedom, and improves their little clothing for ladies and men. Other persons have feared that these things may sting, and may feel as if something "sting." As they have no sting, and are only made with a kind of padding, which, however, is never used by the perfect fit, they have no problem. There is nothing dangerous about them, and in some other ways, some of them are worse than their little W.

There are several varieties of this insect. One is an annual, appearing every year in the summer, mostly in June. Another appears in the autumn and lays its eggs on the goldenrod. Another comes in the dog days, and is thus named the dog-day harvest fly, or cicada. In all, there are twenty-two varieties known to entomologists, of which three are periodical, one appearing every seventh year, and another every thirteenth, and this is the one which is here described is the seventeen-year variety.—*New York Times*

John M. Bredt, Columbus Memorial Building, has a genuine white deer, which he has secured to go with his collection of animals, birds and butterflies. The deer was killed near Cable, Wis., after it had badly frightened two young men. The deer is without a single mark upon its body.



WHITE DEER KILLED IN WISCONSIN

Its eyes were pink like those of an albino, and in the mounting the color of the eyes was reproduced. It is three feet five inches in height, and four feet six inches to the tip of its horns. Its age was three years. Two young men were hunting near Cable four months ago and they returned greatly excited and reported seeing an animal of this kind. It was perfectly white and of the size of an elephant. Many thought it was a ghost, and a party of fifteen was made up to capture it. After two days' hunting the white deer was killed. Mr. Brown heard of it from a friend who saw the deer an hour after it had been killed. He made an offer for it which was accepted by the hunter, Mr. Brown. It was then sent to Mr. Wislizenus. There is no doubt of the genuineness of its color.—Chicago Tribune.

Misses' Waist.

This handsome design has the full waist and sleeve puffs of pink crepon, the ripple skirt, bretelles, belt, collar and lower sleeve portions being of pink and black changeable brocade, trimmed on the loose edges with black gimpure insertion over pink satin ribbon. It is also suitable for parties.

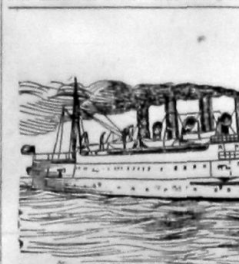


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colours wash fabrics, leather, stoneware, lawn, etc., the rollers being edged with narrow rubber rollers at base.

The triple-screw cruiser *Columbia* returned to her anchorage off League Island Navy Yard from her deep-sea trial trip with her claim to be called "Queen of the Sea" fairly established. For forty-eight hours the *Columbia* was subjected to a severe test of her engines and boilers, and although no effort was made to drive the boat, she developed, under natural draught and with the three engines and eight boilers working, eighteen and one-half knots an hour. But for the



UNITED STATES CRUISER COLUMBIA

In addition to the steam trial the Columbia's battery was also tested. The eight-inch rifle on the maindeck was fired three times; first with a reduced charge of powder and twice with a full service charge. When the big 250-pound projectile propelled by 170 pounds of powder was fired from the gun the concussion shook the

Long before ladies' newspapers were started and fashion plates in their modern form were thought of, ladies derived their knowledge of the fashions from dolls dressed in model costumes, which were sent from one country to



DOLLS OF FASHION

another, most especially from Paris, which then as now was the leading center of the mode. This custom of exchanging fashion dolls commenced

Goldthwaite's Geographical Magazine is authority for the statement that the temperature of the earth increases one degree on an average for each fifty-five feet of descent into its interior, basing its conclusions on observations made at the great shaft at Spertingen, Germany, which is the deepest boring ever made by man—4173 feet. At such a rate of increase the earth's temperature of only 200 miles is 18,000 degrees above the zero of Fahrenheit's thermometer. One curious point in this connection is that 18,000 degrees is Professor Rosetti's estimate of the probable temperature of the sun.

The Points of a Fowl.



- | | |
|--------------------------|------------------------------------|
| 1. Gumbo | 12. Main tail feathers |
| 2. Face | 13. Wing bar |
| 3. Watline | 14. Wing coverts, forming wing bar |
| 4. Dead ear, or ear lobe | 15. <i>Notched</i> : wing bar |
| 5. Hackle | 16. Flight feathers: wing bar |
| 6. Breast | 17. Point of second bar |
| 7. Neck | 18. Throat |
| 8. Saddle | 19. Nostril |
| 9. Necktie feathers | 20. Nostril or legs |
| 10. Nostril | 21. Nape |
| 11. Tail coverts | 22. Tail or claws |

West Indian Musical Instruments.

The vina, the national instrument of India, calls up a vision of troops of Nautch girls, dancing to its music, the little peals of silver bells, fastened around their ankles, keeping time as they glide and whirl. The vina is a queer looking instrument. It is a single bar of hollow bamboo, fastened with extended bird claws, carved from wood, to two empty gourds. The ends of the bar are the two beautifully carved to represent birds or heads of animals. Eight wire strings are stretched along the top of the hollow bamboo over a series of movable frets, and there are three other strings, which pass over a fixed bridge. The player throws one gourd over his left shoulder, and passes the other under his right arm, holding the bamboo diagonally across his breast. The frets are pressed with the left hand, and the strings are snapped with little hard strips called plectra, worn upon the first and third fingers of the right hand.

Another beautiful instrument of India is the soorasinga, which is shaped something like a oboe, although it sounds more like a sweet guitar. It is made of very dark wood, with a round body, pear-shaped at the back, and a long slender neck, and is beautifully inlaid with ivory and pearl. There are eight wire strings, which are played with a plectrum. The sawed, or East Indian guitar, is also a beauty, both in form and decoration. The sides and back are very dark green, almost black, covered with golden figures.—St. Nicholas

The small boy with the seat of his trousers torn is not a landlord, but he frequently raises the rent by standing on his head.—Danville Breese.

A NEW YORK paper advertises a great reduction in burial lots. Now is the time to die!

Dr. Kilmer's SWAMP-ROOT cures all Kidney and Bladder troubles. Pamphlet and Consultation free. Laboratory, Binghamton, N.Y.

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To Cleanse the System. Effectually yet gently, when constive or bilious, or when the blood is impure or sluggish, to permanently cure habitual constipation, to awaken the kidneys and liver to a healthy activity, without irritating or weakening them, to dispel headaches, colds or fevers, use Syrup of Figs.

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St. John's Cure is sold on a guarantee. It cures Inflammation of the bladder, it is the Best Cough Cure; see, No. 31. If afflicted with sore eyes use Dr. Isaac Thompson's Eye-water. Druggists will sell the bottle.



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ODD FREAKS OF THE SEA.

SOME STRANGE SIGHTS AND QUEER EXPERIENCES.

Effects of Gigantic Waves—Sub-Marine Eruptions and Storms—Showers of Fish Bones.

SAILORS have more than their fill of strange sights and strange experiences. Big waves range among these strange experiences. We do not refer to those waves which are the immediate consequences of high winds and atmospheric disturbances, but to those single waves of immense height which sweep themselves suddenly in the midst of a sea comparatively smooth. A vessel may be sailing along in fine weather and with no swell on worth mentioning, when, without the least warning, comes sweeping along a wave that towers like a mountain, falls on the deck, and carries away everything movable, members of the crew among the rest.

The steamer San Francisco was once struck by a tidal wave of this sort in the Gulf Stream, and 179 persons swept into the sea and drowned. In March last all the crew save one of the bark Yohann Wilhelm were washed overboard by a single wave. In June last year the ship Holyrood encountered another such sea which is said to have risen up "suddenly like a wall" and to have flooded her decks fore and aft.

The Conarders, Etruria and Umbria, have both encountered the phenomenon, and the former had one man killed and several others injured. The case of the Pomerania will be fresh in the minds of all. Sometimes these waves are the result of submarine eruptions and land earthquakes occurring in close proximity to the sea. As an example, the American schooner Dora F. Ward, while on a voyage to Seattle, Wash., from Cooper Island, was sailing quietly along, when suddenly she was lifted as if a whale had struck her bottom, and then experienced a succession of shocks which cast everything loose about her feet. There were a few big waves succeeding the main one, and then everything was smooth again. The biggest solitary wave ever known was that caused by the Peruvian earthquake of August 13th, 1868. In no other instance, we are assured, has it been known that a well marked series of enormous proportions has been propagated over the largest ocean tract of the globe by an earthquake whose action has been limited to a relatively small region not situated in the centre but on one side of the area traversed by the wave. At Apurimac, it was fifty feet high, and enveloped the lower, carrying two warships nearly a mile beyond the railway of the north of the town. It inundated the smaller members of the Sandwich group, 6300 miles away, and reached Yokohama, in Japan, in the early hours of the morning, after taking in New Zealand on the way. It spent itself finally in the South Atlantic, having traversed nearly the whole globe.

A singular occurrence was reported recently by the English ship Cuckoo. She was about midway between the Cape and Australia when she encountered a hurricane. About midnight of August 4 last the sea suddenly fell almost calm. "It appeared as if the sea was affected by some tremendous pressure," when suddenly the whole vessel fell as if it were the deck of the bark Peter Friedland, which was off Valparaiso when a whirlwind passed over her stern, taking away everything movable, sails and all, on the after part of the ship, leaving the forward part untouched. Here was the sharp end of a storm with a vengeance. The vessel was carried up to the clouds, and the sea was so high that the crew of the bark-tine Fortunate, which, while on a voyage from Rio Grande to Liverpool, felt a tremendous shock that could not be accounted for until the vessel was put into dry dock, where she revealed a magnificent sea monster that had penetrated some feet into the wood of the hull.

Yet another of the curiosities of the sea is the occasional shower of fish bones or the like, falling on deck when many miles from shore. These showers are supposed to be the result of the fish being taken up in waterpots, and come down in showers in the most unexpected conditions. But perhaps the most weird of all things that can happen at sea is a fire. A severe squall breaking over a vessel engrossed for it, and with all her sails set, but, for the experience is short, sharp and generally harmless, but for long-drawn-out agony there is nothing like a fire, especially if it is among sail, and there is less chance of its spreading in the cargo.—Fut. Mag.

Good-By to the Woods.

President Porter of Yale College was most widely known as a writer upon metaphysical and theological subjects, but he was first a man and afterward a philosopher. It will surprise many who knew him only through his books to be told that he had not only a genial relish for homely human companionship, but a profound enjoyment of nature. Dr. J. H. Twissell describes him as going into the Adirondacks year after year, and carrying with him the old idea, all the enthusiasm of youth. His genial nature expanded in the atmosphere of seclusion and wild surroundings. Every party going with him into the woods felt the spiritual sunshine of it. He made the camp seem like a home. The guides all loved him, and coveted his service, thinking more of his company than of his wages. The Keene Valley folks came to look eagerly for his annual appearance among them. It was a sight to see them shaking hands with him after church the first Sunday.

I have heard Melville Trumbull, the guide who was most with him in the woods, relate the manner of Dr. Porter's farewell to the Upper Adirondack Lake, his favorite haunt, on which he had spent many a happy week, and with which, one might say, he was on terms of the tenderest living sympathy.

It was in the course of the vacation which his consistent declining strength had warned him would probably be his last in the Adirondacks. He had gone with Trumbull to the lake to pass two or three days there in camp, and have one more look at a place so dear.

On the morning when he was to return to the Valley, when everything was made ready to start, he bade Trumbull leave the baggage where it was for a while and row him out into the lake. Midway between the shores he caused the boat to stop.

A long time he sat there, turning this way and that, beading his eyes earnestly, steadfastly, but without speaking, on the views around—the Gothic line, the cone of Haystack, the encircling forest. Then he directed the guide to take him near and along the shore.

As they moved slowly on, by one and another familiar spot, Trumbull saw that the doctor's eyes were filled with tears, and perceived that it was a leave-taking. "I never in my life had anything make me feel so bad," in telling the story.

Tricky Lions.

Some of the most dangerous tricks of animals are those simulating kindness. Charles Montague, in "Tales of a Nomad," says that hyenas often follow lions, and finish a carcass the moment lions have left it. Sometimes, however, the hyenas are too eager, and a fatal bit of meat while the lions are still at their meal.

I have been told that the lion rides himself of the nuisance in the following way: He throws a piece of meat aside. When the lion is looking the other way the hyena lodges in and rushes off with the meat. Presently the lion throws another piece of meat, this time a little nearer. The hyena takes that also. At last the lion throws a third piece, and the hyena, having become reckless, makes a dash at this also, but the lion wheels round and lays him low with a pat of his paw and a growl of annoyance.

I remember at the Uteas on one occasion bearing at night the cries of a hyena in pain, mingled with an occasional sharp growl from a lion. This went on for about twenty minutes. The next morning we found the carcass of a hyena bitten across the neck and marked by the claws of lions. They had evidently caught it and played with it some time before killing it. I suppose this was done in revenge for the annoyance they had sustained from the hyenas.

A Child's Vocabulary.

The statement that a child 54 years of age would not have more than 150 words in his vocabulary that it was able to use understandingly led a careful mother to note for a month the number of words used by her child. All the parts of speech used were recorded, with the result that in this case the child appeared to have a vocabulary of 1,528 words.

THROW IT AWAY.

There's no lump of any kind of metal, or any kind of wood, or any kind of stone, or any kind of brick, or any kind of tile, or any kind of paper, or any kind of cloth, or any kind of food, or any kind of drink, or any kind of medicine, or any kind of anything else, that you can throw away.

HERNIA (Bowel, or other organ, protruding through a weak spot in the abdominal wall, and permanently retained without the knife.)
Triumph in Conservative Surgery.

TUMORS (Cancer, Fibroid and other growths, which, unless removed, will destroy the life.)
PILE TUMORS (Hemorrhoids, which, unless removed, will destroy the life.)
STONE (Calculus, which, unless removed, will destroy the life.)
STRUCTURE (The body, which, unless removed, will destroy the life.)

Betrayed by a Bird.

A trifle sometimes leads to the detection of a fault or crime. A theatrical musician owned an ebony flute with silver keys; he valued it highly, but as one of the upper notes was defective, he seldom used it. A young man lodged with the musician, and between the two a close friendship existed. One night the ebony flute disappeared, having no doubt been stolen. Suspicion fell on several persons, but nothing could be proved against any of them. Not long afterward the lodger went to live in a town a few miles off, but as the friendship between the men still existed they occasionally visited each other. Nearly a year afterward the musician paid his friend a visit, and was pleased to find him in possession of a beautiful bullfinch, which could distinctly whistle three tones. The performance was perfect with this exception, that whenever he came to a certain high note he invariably skipped it and went on to the next. A little reflection convinced the musician that the note in which the bullfinch was imperfect was the deficient one on his lost flute. So convinced was he, that he at once sharply questioned his ex-lodger on the subject, he at once tremblingly confessed his guilt, and that all the bird knew had been taught him on the stolen instrument.

Georgia has a gold belt 100 miles broad.

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which I am acquainted. I hope this day is not
far distant when mothers will consider the real
interest of their children, and use Castoria in-
stead of the various quick nostrums which are
destroying their lives, by forcing opium,
morphine, soothing syrup and other harmful
agents down their throats, thereby sending
them to premature graves."
Dr. J. F. KIRKLEIGH,
Conway, Ark.

Castoria.
"Castoria is so well adapted to children that
I recommend it as superior to any prescription
known to me."
Dr. A. A. ANDERSON, M. D.,
111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"Our physicians in the children's depart-
ment have spoken highly of their experi-
ence in their outside practice with Castoria,
and although we only have among our
medical supplies what is known as regular
products, yet we are free to judge that the
merits of Castoria has won us to look with
favor upon it."
UNITED THROAT AND DISPHAGNIA,
London, Mass.

Allen C. Smith, Prop.
The Centaur Company, 27 Murray Street, New York City.

S. W. HOLT
MARLINTON, W. VA.

Always carries a first-class line of
Dry Goods, Groceries
Queensware, Hardware, etc.,

Customers wishing to buy anything usually found in a well-stocked
store can rely on being accommodated at my place of business. We
give fair warning that the buyer who wishes to save money will
do well to look through our stock of goods. Good country products
taken in exchange for goods.

Our Terms are CASH or to responsible parties thirty
days. All outstanding debts
must be settled at once.

The Keeley Cure.
FOR

**DRUNKENNESS
OPIUM
MORPHINE
COCAINE
NEUR-OR PROSTRATION
TUBERCULOSIS AND MARKEET HANDED.**

The Keeley Institute at Charleston, West Virginia, gives the **KEELEY
LY REMEDY**, and they are administered by physicians who and who only can
fulfill their purpose—those who have had a thorough course of instruction in
the proper use of the Keeley Remedy.

For full information, regarding this treatment and "Keeley Treatment,"
send to
THE KEELEY INSTITUTE,
Charleston, W. Va. or Wheeling, W. Va.

**DR. W. H. DUNSMORE, President, C. A. BARNES, Vice-President and Treas-
URER, L. A. DUFFY, Secretary and General Manager,
M. S. BROWN, M. D., Chief Medical Director.**

Officers of THE KEELEY INSTITUTE COMPANY of West Virginia, comprising
Keeley Institute in the State.

\$1.00 IN ADVANCE.

Architect and Superintendent
James W. Smith, Jr.,
1000 N. 10th St.,
Tulsa, Okla.

Shaking a shower of blossoms from
 their
 And bowing on their fragrant, like
 their
 Masses of buds, and swelling of green
 brought.
 And power of sweeping, inviolate, as
 the
 of sweet, waterfalls, - through

[illegible]

1. Has the prisoner had a good character hitherto?
2. Does he support his family?
3. Is he considered a good worker to have in the neighborhood?
4. To what political party does he belong?
5. Does he pay his debts?
6. Does he keep his stock safe?
7. Is he of sound mind?
8. Is he white?
9. If convicted would he be considered a good thing by the neighborhood?

Dr. James Beattie, take into consideration the foregoing questions.

Commons Aldermen agree today demonstrated to Mr. Brown of Michigan that two can play at the game of objecting. Mr. Brown had strongly objected to the granting of a franchise to the construction of the street in connection with it and Virginia, thereby preventing its passage. Today Mr. Brown tried to get consent to a proviso but in which he was defeated, for consideration. Mr. Alderman has presented this but was unable to attract the Michigan men's votes again today, by an objection. — Register.

About fifty gamblers commit suicide at Monte Carlo every year.

English football players are debating changing the rules with a view to fewer killings.

The railroad companies of Great Britain pay an average every day of \$7000 in compensation, about sixty per cent. being for damages to passengers and the remainder for lost or injured freight.

The gold product of west Australia last year was double that of the previous twelve months. The total export for the year was 170,391 ounces. The prospects for the present year are most promising.

President Eliot, of Harvard, said the other day that the Greeks, who know more about athletics than we shall learn in a hundred years, held their Olympic games once in four years, while to-day the college students want at least four contests every year.

Although the court of Austria is commonly known as the most aristocratic in Europe, no monarch is enclined to reach than the Emperor Francis Joseph. He has certain audience days, when any of his subjects, high as well as low, are permitted to call to discuss with him any affair which they choose.

It is said that the leading magazine publishers are using manuscripts now which have been on hand and paid for, some of them for years. This saves paying out money now, of course. Some of these magazine offices have manuscripts on hand which they accepted and paid for five, ten and even fifteen years ago.

Two London florists, becoming desperate because of the dullness, made an effort to revive the interest in tulips and create an artificial demand for the bulbs. They spent all the money they could procure in bribing penny-a-liners to assist them. Their failure was complete. One of them became insane. The other was forced to accept the humble position of an under gardener at a merchant's country seat.

In France cattle and sheep are rarely, if ever, sold by actual live weights, declares the American Agriculturist, and proper appliances for weighing are practically unknown. A Government measure is under consideration for making sales by weight compulsory at public fairs. The bill provides that stock exposed for sale in any market or fair must have a ticket showing the weight, as ascertained on a scale, or, as it is called in England, a "weigh bridge."

A twelve-story office building will soon be begun in the heart of Chicago by a man who sold the lot recently for \$450,000 and then secured a lease for ninety-eight years at \$24,000 a year. Some of the provisions of the lease are peculiar, remarks the San Francisco Chronicle. He binds himself to build a twelve-story structure, costing \$200,000, and to permit no one to sell liquor on the premises under penalty of forfeiture of the lease. This is said to be the second case on record of a like restriction in Chicago. Should such clauses become general the rent of saloons in the business district of Chicago will be advanced.

Emperor William, in the estimation of the New York Tribune, deserves considerable credit for the reforms which he has inaugurated in the German army in connection with the uniform and the equipment of the men, whose comfort and welfare are now studied to a much greater extent than ever before. The weight of the equipment has been reduced by some fifteen or twenty pounds, and the tight, stiff collar around the throat has been superseded by a loose and open one, allowing the neck to move his head and neck without difficulty and to breathe with greater ease on the march in hot weather. The Austrian military authorities are following suit in the matter, and are taking a leaf out of the book of their allies at Berlin, among other innovations decided upon being the substitution of a gray uniform in the place of the blue now worn in the army of Emperor Francis Joseph.

MARY WASHINGTON.

A MONUMENT TO THE MOTHER OF THE FIRST PRESIDENT.

Hewitt Was Built—Former Unsuccessful Attempts to Do Her Honor—Her Romantic Marriage and Domestic Life.

In a letter concerning the dedication of the monument to the memory of Mary, the mother of Washington, at Fredericksburg, Va., the New York Recorder says: The monument is a beautiful obelisk of plain white marble, fifty feet high and eleven feet square at the base, bearing an inscription in embossed letters, simply, "Mary, the Mother of Washington." It was erected in Buffalo, N. Y., and was set in position on December 23. It cost \$11,000, raised entirely by the ladies of the National Mary Washington Memorial Association, and the monument is in itself creditable alike to the distinguished woman whom it commemorates and to the patriotic American women who have honored themselves by thus honoring her. The association was formed only three years ago, and it may well be a subject of gratification with its members and, indeed, with all Americans, that the heroine-mother of our first President should at length, 101 years after her death, have a suitable token of respect raised above her unheeded grave.

The previous attempts to discharge an obvious duty in this respect have been many, but all unsuccessful. Projects were agitated soon after Mrs. Washington's death, to mark her burial place by a stone to be paid for by the Government, but in the confusion attendant upon the organization of the new nation they were successively forgotten, revived and forgotten again. In 1829 Mr. George

Mr. Burrows, meeting with financial losses, postponed the work until he should be able to complete it and died before accomplishing his design. At all events the structure, as it was left, crumbled with slow decay and gradually fell. Until last fall, however, portions of the pedestal, intrusted to a mason, monolith and reposed columns still remained on the ground in a ruined pile, weather-worn, time-stained and more or less mutilated by relic-hunters, forming a melancholy sight. When the new shaft of the National Mary Washington Memorial Association was put up, severe to simplicity and beautiful in symmetry, the ruin was demolished.

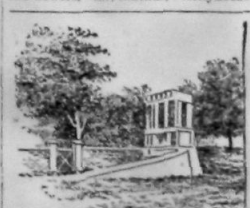


EPPING FOREST, BIRTHPLACE OF MARY BALL (MARY WASHINGTON).

However remarkable the lack of information elsewhere respecting Mrs. Ball, wife of Augustine Washington and mother of George Washington, everybody in Fredericksburg knows all about her and glories in her history. They know the year and the place of her birth, the year of grace 1706, and the place Epping Forest, down the Rappahannock, in Lancaster County, Va., which nearly two centuries ago was the plantation home of her father, Colonel Joseph Ball, son of Colonel William Ball, a royalist Englishman of gentle lineage, who emigrated to America away back in 1637. They know that as Mary Ball grew to womanhood she was known throughout that region as the "Rose of Epping Forest" and as the "Belle of the Northern Neck," and that as a grown maiden she was sensible, modest and loving, with hair like flax, cheeks like peach blossoms and eyes of cloudless blue. The tradition is current among them, too, explanatory of the fact that she married her husband in England, that, having been taken there by her brother Joseph after the death of her widowed mother she resided with relatives in the village of Cookham, in Berkshire, when a gentleman's traveling chariot was spent in front of the house, and the gentleman himself brought in seriously injured, and was nursed to recovery by her. He proved to be a fellow Virginian and neighbor—Colonel Augustine Washington, of Westmoreland County, Va., a gentleman of historic British stock, tracing a ancestry back centuries in England. They were married on March 6, 1730, he being a widower with three young sons. The Fredericksburg folks can tell you also all that is known about the birth of George Washington, their oldest child, in Westmoreland County in 1732; of the life of the family at Wakefield, on the Potomac; of the fire that destroyed the little homestead, of the subsequent removal to Pine Grove, across the Rappahannock, from Fredericksburg; of the death there of the father, Augustine, when George was but eleven years of age, and of the widow's brave, energetic, positive and methodical character and life with her children—three sons and one daughter—at the Ferry Farm until her young exiles scattered from the family nest.

Probably it is owing to the fact that Mary Ball Washington, the widowed mother, by the untimely death of her husband, had the sole responsibility of training and rearing her children, and particularly George, that people seldom hear or speak of Washington's

and other old-fashioned blossoms of our great-grandfathers' time. Here, when the Revolution was fully on, she received from her son, the Commander-in-Chief, dispatches from time to time by special couriers, giving tidings of the strife as it progressed. Here also, when Yorktown had been won and the fate of the war decided triumphantly for the colonies, and the allied French and American troops entered the town on their way to Philadelphia, she received her son alone, who had made his way unattended through the streets vocal with his name to the corner cottage where she tremblingly awaited him, after an unvarying absence of eight weary years. On the next evening, November 11th, 1781, she proudly issued thence, hanging on her son's arm, and was conducted by him with loving pride to the Town Hall, where, in public, as the hero's mother, she presided over the Feast. Her grave in honor of the great victory lay nearby—arrayed in black silk gown and snowy kerchief and cap, and received with pleased dignity the compliments of the home and foreign officers, holding delightful court until 10 o'clock, when, making a sign to the kindly Commander-in-Chief, who was leaving a Fredericksburg matron through a mist, she called softly in her dear, spirit voice: "Come, George, it is time for old folks to be at home."



THE UNFINISHED MONUMENT.

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In the back yard of this same old cottage, working among her flowers and garden, Mary Washington found Lafayette, her country's friend and her son's brother-at-arms, who had come to bid her farewell. The cheerful Frenchman was guided to the side gate by a little son of Betty Washington, Lewis, her baby, George's daughter, and found her all responsive for his visit, engaged in picking together dry twigs and sticks for a house for her bees. As the soldiers

advanced the startled hostess dropped her rake, but with admirable dignity and self-possession she took between her bare palms the hand the visitor extended, while he bowed his lofty head and bowed before her in deepest reverence.

"Ah, Margaret!" said she, "you have come to see an old woman? But come in. I can make you welcome without changing my dress. I am glad to see you. I have often heard my son George speak of you." She preceded him into the inner hall, conducted him into her "living room," and, after seating him, laid aside her straw hat and placed herself opposite to him. Eerect as at eighteen, her eyes unfaded, she listened with calm delight to the panegyric upon her son poured forth by the eloquent Frenchman, in which her George was lauded as the miracle of the age, as greater than Caesar or Alexander or Hannibal and more modest than Cincinnatus—the one immortal hero whose fame would outlast time. Her characteristic and comprehensive response was simply: "I am not surprised at what George has done; he was always a good boy."

Fredericksburg tradition further relates, with homely, kindly humor, that Mame Washington mixed with her own hands for her distinguished guest a mint julep and offered it with a plate of her own home-made "figger cakes," which he accepted with grateful courtesy, pronouncing both delicious. Then rising to take his leave, he begged her blessing ere he embarked for his native land. She looked up to heaven, folded her hands, and in sweet, thrilling tones prayed that God grant him safety, happiness, prosperity and peace. With tears the foreigner bent to kiss the withered hand, thanked her fervently and departed. Returning to Mount Vernon as Washington's guest, Lafayette reported: "I have seen the only Roman matron living at this day."

Here also George Washington, at the age of fifteen, attended school at the same academy in which two subsequent Presidents—Madison and Monroe—were prepared for college, rowing himself across the river and back from his mother's plantation on the other side. Likewise here in Fredericksburg, a stone's throw distant from the Mary Washington cottage, is the old mansion known as Kenmore, the residence of her daughter Betty. When built by Colonel Fielding Lewis, in order that his wife might be near her mother, Kenmore was in the suburbs. It is still in a fair state of preservation, and is one of the "show places" of Fredericksburg. In it, according to Mary Washington's great granddaughter, Mrs. Ella Bassett Washington, Mary Washington died on August 25, 1789, although other authorities place the death scene in the Mary Washington cottage. Not far from Kenmore grounds is the hitherto neglected grave of the first President's mother, on a gentle knoll crowned by some gray boulders, whether she often retired with her knitting or her Bible.

On this sacred spot the new marble obelisk is placed; and hither, doubtless, to this shrine of noble womanhood will countless bands of pilgrims repair for centuries to come—American sons and fathers as well as mothers and daughters—to pay deserved tribute to the memory of her who produced and reared the founder of this nation.

General John B. Gordon.

There is a talk, even figures that always attract attention on our streets when the Senate is in session, writes a Washington correspondent. The war on the face and the bearing stamp him at once as a soldier and a leader of men. This is General John Brown Gordon, Senator from Georgia. He was born in the State he represents so well in 1832, and was educated for the



GENERAL GORDON.

her. At the beginning of the Civil War he went in as a Colonel and came out as a Lieutenant-General. He was General of Georgia, and was Senator before, but resigned because of his poverty. He is a religious man, yet this does not prevent his being prominent in the society of the Capital, where he and his family are very popular.

Australian Methodists have announced a fund for their impoverished ministers, as large that they are able to pay them from \$200 to \$1200 per annum, according to length of service and amount of labors.



MARY WASHINGTON'S MEMORIAL, FREDERICKSBURG, VA.

Maecenas solutus. The romantic tale is told that a lovely Southern girl who had won the affection of Mr. Burrows, mentioned to marry him on condition that he build the monument as proposed, and that she died before it was done, whereupon he abandoned the enterprise. The real fact is that

father. As to his mother's worth there is no disagreement whatever among historians and biographers. Respecting her, Washington himself declared solemnly: "All that I can do for my country is to honor her memory."

BEECHAM'S PILLS

(Vegetable)

What They Are For

Biliousness	Indigestion	pallid skin
dyspepsia	bad taste in the mouth	pimples
sick headache	foul breath	torpid liver
bluish headache	loss of appetite	depression of spirits

when these conditions are caused by constipation; and constipation is the most frequent cause of all of them.

One of the most important things for everybody to learn is that constipation causes more than half the sickness in the world; and it can all be prevented. Go by the book.

Write to B. F. Allen Company, 365 Canal street, New York, for the little book on CONSTIPATION (its causes, consequences and correction); sent free. If you are not within reach of a druggist, the pills will be sent by mail, 25 cents.

POCAHONTAS TIMES.

ANDREW PRICE, EDITOR

Marlinton, Friday, Aug. 24, 1894

Official Paper of Pocahontas County.

Subscription ONE DOLLAR in advance. If not paid within the year \$1.50 will be charged.

Entered at the post office at Marlinton, W. Va., as second class matter.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

For Congress,
JOHN D. ALDERSON,
Of Nicholas County.

For State Senate,
JOSEPH D. LOGAN,
Of Monroe County.

For House of Delegates,
DR. J. P. MOOMAU,
Of Green Bank.

For County Commissioner,

For County Superintendent of Free Schools,
D. L. BARLOW,
Of Edray.

The greatest trouble about the Income Tax is that it won't come in.

THERE have been two very numerous classes of persons in this world—those who were nurses of Geo. Washington, and those who have taught in Stonewall Jackson's colored Sunday-School.

THE Japanese are making their presence smelt in Korea, no doubt. Friends of China rejoice that the gallant ship "Kow Tai" is still brushing the Japanese off of the face of the earth.

JOB, in Randolph county is about to have a railroad, the work being nearly completed. All Pocahontas needs is the "patience of Job" to get a railroad also.

PROBABLY the sections of the Wilson Bill as passed, in which we are most interested are those which fix the duty on raw sugar at 40 per cent. ad valorem; iron ore 40 cents per ton, and pig iron \$4.00; coal 15 cents per ton; tobacco for wrappers \$1.50 per pound and like duties on other forms of tobacco; lumber and wool free; under the internal revenue section playing cards are taxed 2 cents per pack; an income tax of 2 per cent. on incomes over \$4,000 is provided; also a 2 per cent. tax on corporations. Whiskey is taxed at \$1.10 per gallon. The bill deals with iron and coal in a way that will encourage the building of railroads. As for lumber, America rules the roost, now.

METSU HITO, Emperor of Japan, and Teruhito Arisugama, chief commander of Japanese armies, have in hand what promises to be a long and bloody war. This war seems to illustrate a singular paradox, that it originated in efforts to secure and perpetuate peace. The Koreans appear to be born rebels, for they are oppressed to a degree unsurpassed even in Asiatic countries. With them it appears second nature to rebel against the ruling Dynasty and its adherents. Heretofore these risings were soon suppressed, the majority of the leaders being conciliated by the Government, and the rest fleeing the country. In the present case, however, there has been some foreign influence at work, possibly Chinese, and many of the ruling or official class sympathetic with the rebels with a view to exclude Japanese civilization from Korea. So it turned out when Chinese and Japanese league came to restore peace and quiet the rebels, they fought each other and the war again is at fever heat between the governments.

JAMES H. HULING, of Kanaawha, was nominated to oppose, as the Republican candidate, our nominee, Mr. Alderson. From what can be learned from prominent Republicans and Democratic allies, it was the most corrupt convention of the times. Capt. Edgar P. Rucker had enough strength to have nominated him, if his delegates had not been howled down, and all say partly bought, in the confusion of the convention, during the six hours of voting. Pocahontas was refused representation through her proxy Judge McWhorter, because her vote would have been cast solidly for Rucker. On the Democratic side, this county played a most important part in nominating Alderson, but it held the very key of the situation, with the Republicans. They have nominated a weak man, and one who will not make a good general fight. Mr. Huling in his own ward, is a strong fighter, but he has no "pull" and but few real friends throughout this large district of sixteen counties. A less popular candidate would be hard to find over all the district.

WHAT can the Preston men hope to accomplish by continued opposition to the Democratic nominee, Mr. Alderson? The day is not far distant when Mr. Preston will be before the people again for nomination, and if his candidacy has caused the election of a Republican in 1894, he will not be greeted enthusiastically. Mr. Preston needs to work now, as he never worked before, to influence the men who rallied around him so loyally, to remain a support to the ticket that must be made to win, this fall. His own political life depends upon it in a great measure. Let this be done and his candidacy of this year will be a grand success, for many a man came away from the convention at Hinton saying to himself, "well, two years from now I will be working for Preston!"

A Model Character.

It may be well said that such a character was that of Nathaniel, a person spoken of as having no guile. He was sincere, unfeigned, simple hearted, "doing good as the bees make honey," because it is a delight to do good. Such a person is nature's nobleman, and his life sets the standard of what a man ought to be, a normal type, such as every one ought to conform to. When nature produces a perfectly shaped and healthy human body, it is though she were to say: This is my pattern for all human bodies, model by that, call that the rule, and call all the bodies that fail of the standard misshapen or diseased.

A great athlete appears in public, and hundreds of the youth set to exercise to make their bodies like his, being ashamed of puny limbs and limp muscles. A great scholar writes books and lectures, then a whole University is stirred up to educate ordinary minds up to the model of what a clear, vitalized well-furnished mind should be. So when right-thinking people observe the normal type of a Nathaniel, frank, thoroughly honest, pure in heart, there is an impulse to tend upwards, for they see in him the pattern of what every man ought to be and might be. In such a presence it seems disgusting to be sordid and greedy and guileful. All about such a person as Nathaniel there is a process of leaping upward, as when youth live on the same street as the distinguished athlete whom they see passing along every day.

Died.

At Huttonsville, August 11th, Isaac McCollum, brother of James McCollum, Esq.

When Col. Brockbridge announced his intention of visiting Europe, the band played, "God Save the Queen."

"Had men known their faults, great men leave them."—JACOB.

Post's Club.
The Marlinton Post's Club met in a very surreptitious manner last Friday night and formed an organization. The motto adopted was: He who writes for fame or pelf, Will have a hard race to run, But he who writes to relieve himself, Feels better when it is done.
Prof. J. E. Winston was elected an honorary member, by unanimous consent, owing to a recent production which is filed among the archives of the University of Virginia.

Rule. Each member must write not knowing what the others write.

First task.
ODE TO CLEVELAND.
Three responded.

1.
Here Grover lies, his plumes still,
Killed by high coal in the Wilson Bill.

Here lies Grover Cleveland under this stone,
He discarded his country and played it alone.

2.
Here lies Grover Cleveland, the poor man's friend,
To the Senate amendment he would not bend,
So he broke.

Second task.
APOSTROPHE TO THE MOON.

Three responded:
1.
O silvery moon! O pale-faced moon,
Shine down on my love to-night!

May she think of me, as she looks at thee,
With her heart so pure and light.

"On motion 'full-faced' was inserted instead of pale faced, to which the author objected.

2.
Sail on thou ashy pale faced moon, sail on!

Ten thousand telescopes look on thee in vain,
The pig-tail was thou hast this day looked on.

And seen the scattered dead upon the plain.

The commissary caravans came thundering o'er the flats,
And from the Chinese horde went up the mighty cry of "rats!"

The writer of the above wished to explain to the assembly that in writing the above he had intended to write a parody on Byron's "Apostrophe to the Ocean," but for some reason he was unable to do so.

3.
Shay! ol' moon! I say! hello!
Don't shee me down here ol' fellow!
You an' me two sports, don't you forget!

When our last quarter's gone, we don't fret.

Our face is our fortune, you mighty right,

An' 'bosh of us full, ash tick, tonight, P. S.

So long!
'Fyou think she's up put out that light,
She'll see me comin' an' know I'm tight.

Church Notes.

Rev. C. H. Dobbs, of Huttonsville, conducted services for Dr. Syden striker at Academy last Sunday.

The Brushy Ridge Campmeeting is going on in Greenbrier at present; a good many Pocahontas people are in attendance.

Cardinal Gibbons preached at Elkins, while there.

The colored people of Edray had a big meeting August 12th.

Bishop Peterkin will preach at Clover Lick Sept. 2nd at 10:30, and at Marlinton the same day.

Bazar AND Festival
MARLINTON, W VA
THURSDAY, AUGUST 23RD.

Every preparation has been made to insure a pleasant time to those who can attend. All are cordially invited. Afternoon and night. LADIES AND SOCIETY. Adm. 50 cents—ladies.

PATTERSON SIMMONS.
MARLINTON, W. VA.
Plasterer - Contractor.
Work done on short notice.

NOTICE.
The Teachers' Examination will be held in the public school building at Marlinton, August 27 and 28, 1894.
Section 19 of the School Law is so amended as to provide that all grades of county certificates shall be issued at the same examination.
Edray W. Va., D. L. BARLOW,
Aug. 7, 1894. County Sup't.

Order of Publication.
STATE OF WEST VIRGINIA.
COUNTY OF POCAHONTAS, to-wit:

At rules held in the clerk's office of the circuit court of said county, on Monday, 9th day of August, 1894.

Rachael Beverage, Plaintiff,
vs.
Hugh McLaughlin, Mary A. McLaughlin, Robert McLaughlin, Mary J. Hiner, Mary Hiner, only child of Elizabeth Townsend, deceased, Defendants.

The object of this suit is to procure partition of the lands of Wm. McLaughlin, deceased, among his heirs at law, said lands lying near Danmore, in Pocahontas county, West Virginia, and being in the aggregate near 800 acres, now occupied by Hugh McLaughlin, Robert McLaughlin and Mary Alice McLaughlin, and also for general relief, and it appearing by affidavit filed that the defendants, Mary J. Hiner and Mary Hiner are non-residents of this State, it is ordered that they do appear here within one month after the date of the first publication of this order, and do what is necessary to protect their interest in this suit.

Witness: J. H. Patterson, Clerk of said court this 6th day of August, 1894.
J. H. PATTERSON, Clerk.
H. S. RECKER, p. q. [au10-4]

HILLSBORO
MALE AND FEMALE
ACADEMY.
J. E. Wamsley, A. M.
(Late Asst. Prof. of Greek and English in Randolph-Macon College.)
Principal.

MRS VIRGIE SYDENSTRICKER,
(Graduate I. F. L.)
Assistant.

MRS MARY McNEEL,
Instrumental and Vocal Music.

Prepares for Leading
Colleges and the
University.

Full course in Higher Mathematics and English, Ancient and Modern Languages, with Public School Branches.

GRADED COURSES AS FOLLOWS:
Primary Department
First and Second Reader Grades.
Tuition \$1.50 per month.

Second Department.
Third and Fourth Reader, Arithmetic, History, and Geography.
Tuition \$2.25 per month.

Intermediate Department.
Fifth and Sixth Reader, Ordinary School Branches Completed.
Tuition \$2.75 per month.

Academic Department.
Higher English and Mathematics, Latin, Greek, French, and German, Nat. Science and Moral Philosophy.
Tuition \$3.25 per month.

Music \$3.00 per month.

Special rates will be made to students desiring courses in Hebrew and Anglo-Saxon.

First half session opens Sept. 10 '94. Second half session opens Jan. 15 '95. Session closes June 17 '95. For particulars apply to the Principal, Academy, W. Va.

When Edray was rich, we gave her Cuckoo.
When she was a child, she called Joe Cuckoo.
When she became thin, she sang to Cuckoo.
When she had children, she gave them Cuckoo.

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When she became thin, she sang to Cuckoo.
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ICE - CREAM
AT THE
MARLINTON HOUSE,
BY MRS. C. A. YEAGER.
Every Saturday Night at 8 o'clock.

Commissioner's Notice.

OFFICE OF N. C. McNEIL, COMMISSIONER,
MARLINTON, WEST VIRGINIA.

July 30, 1894.

Lipons McKee & Co. et al.
vs.
F. P. Vandervoort, et al.

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons interested in above styled cause that pursuant to decrees entered therein on the 24 day of April, 1894, and the 26th day of June, 1894, I will, at my office in the town of Marlinton, Pocahontas county, West Virginia, on the 27th day of August, 1894, proceed to take the satisfaction of the following matters, to-wit:

1st. The amounts due the plain (if) respectively from the said F. P. Vandervoort.

2d. Upon what real estate the judgments are liens.

3d. Any other matter to be specially stated, deemed pertinent by himself or required by any party in interest to be stated.
N. C. McNEIL,
Commissioner.

Notice to Lien Holders.

To all persons holding liens by judgment or otherwise on the real estate or any part thereof of F. P. Vandervoort.

IN pursuance of a decree of the circuit court of Pocahontas county, made in a cause therein pending to subject the real estate of the said F. P. Vandervoort, to the satisfaction of the liens thereon, you are hereby required to present all claims held by you and each of you against the said F. P. Vandervoort, which are liens on his real estate, or any part of it, for adjudication to me at my office in the town of Marlinton, Pocahontas county, West Virginia, on or before the 26th day of August, 1894.

Given under my hand this 26th day of July, 1894.
N. C. McNEIL,
Commissioner.

Commissioner's Notice.

OFFICE OF COMMISSIONER N. C. McNEIL,
MARLINTON, WEST VIRGINIA.

July 30, 1894.

N. Frank & Sons, et al.
vs.
E. I. Holt, et al.

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons interested that pursuant to a decree entered in above styled cause on the 19th day of June, 1894, I will, at my office in the town of Marlinton, Pocahontas county, West Virginia, on the 27th day of August, 1894, proceed to take, state and report the following matters, to-wit:

1st. An account showing any additional claims against the said E. I. Holt, not heretofore reported in this cause.

2d. An account showing the assets in the hands of the receiver applicable to the payment of the debts of the said E. I. Holt.

3d. The pro rata payment upon each debt which the said assets will make.
N. C. McNEIL,
Commissioner.

Notice to Creditors and Lien Holders.

To all persons holding liens by judgment or otherwise on the real estate or any part thereof of E. I. Holt and all other creditors of the said E. I. Holt:

IN pursuance of a decree of the circuit court of Pocahontas county made in a cause therein pending to subject the real estate of the said E. I. Holt to the satisfaction of his debts, you are hereby required to present all claims held by you and each of you against the said E. I. Holt, whether they be liens on his real estate or not, for adjudication to me at my office in the town of Marlinton, Pocahontas county, West Virginia, on or before the 27th day of August, 1894.

Given under my hand this 30th day of July, 1894.
N. C. McNEIL,
Commissioner.

Notice to Creditors.

Jacob Sheets, Administrator.

vs.
Rachel E. A. Sheets and others.

To the creditors of Jacob Sheets, deceased.

IN pursuance of a decree of the circuit court of the county of Pocahontas, made in a cause therein pending to subject the real estate of the said Jacob Sheets to the payment of his debts, you are hereby required to present your claims against the estate of the said Jacob Sheets for adjudication to W. A. Bradley, commissioner, at his office in the said county, on or before the 30th day of August, 1894.

Done, J. H. afternoon, clerk of the said court, this 19th day of July, 1894.
J. H. PETERKIN,
Clerk.

Notice to Creditors.

Jacob Sheets, Administrator.

vs.
Rachel E. A. Sheets and others.

To the creditors of Jacob Sheets, deceased.

IN pursuance of a decree of the circuit court of the county of Pocahontas, made in a cause therein pending to subject the real estate of the said Jacob Sheets to the payment of his debts, you are hereby required to present your claims against the estate of the said Jacob Sheets for adjudication to W. A. Bradley, commissioner, at his office in the said county, on or before the 30th day of August, 1894.

Done, J. H. afternoon, clerk of the said court, this 19th day of July, 1894.
J. H. PETERKIN,
Clerk.

Notice to Creditors.

Jacob Sheets, Administrator.

vs.
Rachel E. A. Sheets and others.

To the creditors of Jacob Sheets, deceased.

IN pursuance of a decree of the circuit court of the county of Pocahontas, made in a cause therein pending to subject the real estate of the said Jacob Sheets to the payment of his debts, you are hereby required to present your claims against the estate of the said Jacob Sheets for adjudication to W. A. Bradley, commissioner, at his office in the said county, on or before the 30th day of August, 1894.